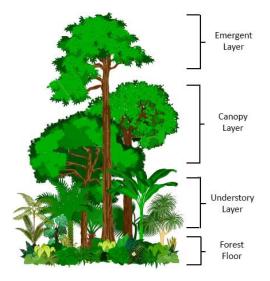
## The Rainforest

	Prior Knowledge		New Knowledge		
Geography	Can name and locate the world's seven continents and can start to name the five oceans. Can name and locate the four countries of the United Kingdom. Can recognise similarities and differences between our local area compared to other areas of the UK. (Y1)		Can name and locate the seven continents and five oceans. Can name, locate and identify the characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas. Can start to understand the geographical similarities and differences by studying a small area of the UK and comparing it to a small area of a contrasting non-European country (the Rainforest).		Can name and loca their identifying hu (including hills, mo Can start to name Can recognise geo human and physica Can confidently re through the study UK and different re
Art & Design	Pablo Picasso Artist Study: To explore powder paint mixing procedure Know how to outline an area to infill. Choose appropriate brush to suit purpose. Know how to outline an area to colour and then infill. (Y1)		Henri Rousseau Artist Study: To understand that paint takes time to dry before adding detail. To name colours- matching to the environment ( e.g. leaf green) To select different brushes for texture and detail. Introduce 'tints' by adding white and black to make lighter and darker.		Andy Warhol Artis Investigate differen a range of media n Know how to drav To select different
Key Questions		Key Individuals		Key Vocabulary	
four countries of th What are the layers How is the rainfore What does deforest	s of the rainforest called? est different from our local area?	discovering the <b>Ferdinand Ma</b>	<b>Coloumbus</b> (1451-1506) the explorer who is credited for Americas, leading to its colonisation. <b>gellan</b> (1480–1521) a Portuguese explorer who is credited with he first expedition to circumnavigate the world.	Canopy may be over the forest Deforest turned inter Conserv	est - an area of tall, - made up of the o ver 30m above the t floor, but in the le tation - the cuttin to non-forest use. vation - the protect use of all Earth's na











## Year 2 Spring 2

#### Future Knowledge

ocate counties and cities of the UK, geographical regions and human and physical characteristics key topographical features mountains, coasts and rivers).

me some of the countries and major cities in Europe. geographical similarities and differences through the study of

ical geography of different regions of the UK. (Y3)

recognise the geographical similarities and differences dy of human and physical geography of different regions of the t regions of the world. (Y3-6)

rtist Study:

rent media creating different tones (light and dark) explore in a not just pencils.

raw a face with simple knowledge of proportions.

nt brushes for texture and detail. (Y2)

all, mostly evergreen trees and a high amount of rainfall. e overlapping branches and leaves of rainforest trees, it he ground. Most plant and animal life is not found on e leafy world known as the canopy.

ing down of forests or groups of trees which is then e.

tection of things found in nature. It requires the natural resources: water, soil, minerals, wildlife, and



# **Curriculum Leaflet**

Year 2 will be exploring the topic: 'The Rainforest'. This unit of work will have a specific focus on developing the children's knowledge, skills and understanding in Geography.

Maths	English	
<ul> <li>Multiplication and Division</li> <li>Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 times tables, including recognising odd and even numbers.</li> <li>Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division (÷) and equals (=) sign.</li> <li>Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.</li> <li>Show that the multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot.</li> <li>Measurement: Length and Height</li> <li>Measure in centimetres and metres</li> <li>Compare lengths and heights</li> <li>Order lengths and heights</li> <li>Use all four operations with lengths and heights</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Predict what the story is going to be about by looking at an illustration from the story</li> <li>Thinking about the characters thoughts and feelings as the story changes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Families can support learning</li> <li>Accessing weekly how</li> <li>Supporting the development of the second se</li></ul>



### Year 2 Spring 2

## Home

ng in the following ways:

- ome learning tasks via Google Classroom
- elopment of times tables skills via regular practice on Stars
- me
- g and spelling commonly used words in a sentence.
- inforest and the plants and animals that live there.
- ntences using capital letters and full stops.
- ies at home, talk about how the characters are feeling his way, ask deeper questions.
- prwards and backwards to 100 in 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s. onds to 10 and 20.
- numbers can be broken down into parts e.g. 25 can nd 5 or 19 and 6, 18 and 5 etc...
- mass labels on objects around the home, compare